

10/053,349.

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

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\*\*\* YOU HAVE NEW MAIL \*\*\*

=> s extraction?/ti  
L1 186884 EXTRACTION?/TI

=> s l1 and nucleic acid?  
3 FILES SEARCHED...  
L2 1392 L1 AND NUCLEIC ACID?

=> s l2 and methoxyethanol  
L3 5 L2 AND METHOXYETHANOL

=> dup rem l3  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3  
L4 3 DUP REM L3 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l4 bib abs 1-3

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1  
AN 2002:539870 CAPLUS  
DN 137:106051  
TI **Nucleic acid extraction** solution and use  
thereof  
IN Lentrichia, Brian; Cohenford, Menashi A.  
PA Cyttyc Corporation, USA  
SO PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DT Patent  
LA English  
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002055739	A2	20020718	WO 2002-US1430	20020115
	WO 2002055739	A3	20030403		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LS,			

LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL,  
 PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,  
 UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,  
 GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,  
 GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2002150937 A1 20021017 US 2002-53349 20020115  
 EP 1352094 A2 20031015 EP 2002-704167 20020115  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR  
 JP 2004526430 T2 20040902 JP 2002-556785 20020115  
 PRAI US 2001-261845P P 20010115  
 WO 2002-US1430 W 20020115

AB Disclosed are methods and compns. for extracting **nucleic acids** from a biol. sample. In particular, disclosed is a **nucleic acid** extraction solution together with method using such a solution for extracting **nucleic acid** sequences from biol. samples containing cells, cellular debris or both. The **nucleic acid** extraction solution contains a mol. having the formula R1O-CH2-CH2-OR2, wherein R1 and R2 independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and an alkyl group. Vaginal swab samples spiked with Neisseria gonorrhoeae were extracted with 1 % 2-methoxyethanol in 2 mM borate buffer, pH 9.5.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2  
 AN 2002:429102 CAPLUS  
 DN 137:17445

TI Solutions comprising sodium metasilicate and a substituted ether for **nucleic acid extraction**

IN Lai, Lucy Tung-Yi; Ho, Michael Shiu-Yan  
 PA PE Corporation (NY), USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent  
 LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002044400	A2	20020606	WO 2001-US46165	20011115
	WO 2002044400	A3	20030220		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,				
	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,				
	GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				
	LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,				
	PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,				
	UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,				
	CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,				
	BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6503716	B1	20030107	US 2000-724766	20001128
	CA 2430138	AA	20020606	CA 2001-2430138	20011115
	AU 2002020175	A5	20020611	AU 2002-20175	20011115
	EP 1346037	A2	20030924	EP 2001-998649	20011115
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
	IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
	JP 2004534515	T2	20041118	JP 2002-546748	20011115
PRAI	US 2000-724766	A	20001128		
	WO 2001-US46165	W	20011115		

AB The present invention provides aqueous compns. comprising sodium metasilicate and an ether and methods of using the compns. to extract a **nucleic acid** from a cell, virus or other source. The extracted

**nucleic acids** can be used for a variety of purposes, including as a source of template DNA for a polymerase chain reaction. According to the method, a biol. sample is contacted with a **nucleic acid** extraction reagent for a period of time and at a temperature sufficient to lyse cells in the biol. sample. Following lysis, the **nucleic acids** are recovered from the cell debris, typically by centrifuging the sample to pellet the cell debris and recovering the supernatant, which comprises the **nucleic acids**. **Nucleic acid** extraction reagents useful in the method of the invention are solns. comprising sodium metasilicate and a substituted ether. The reagents are typically neutral to basic, with a pH in the range of about pH 7 to about pH 10, and generally comprise from about 0.1 % to about 18 % (w/v) sodium metasilicate and about 0.05 % to about 80 % (volume/volume) substituted ether. The identity of the substituted ether is not critical for success. Typical substituted ethers that can be used include, by way of example and not limitation, alkoxyalkyl alcs., aryloxyalkyl alcs. and alkyloxyaryl alcs. comprising a total of from 2 to 12-carbon atoms; more preferably from three or four to eight carbon atoms.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:272816 USPATFULL  
TI **Nucleic acid extraction** solution and use thereof  
IN Lentricchia, Brian, Acton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Cohenford, Menashi A., West Warwick, RI, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2002150937 A1 20021017  
AI US 2002-53349 A1 20020115 (10)  
PRAI US 2001-261845P 20010115 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP TESTA, HURWITZ & THIBEAULT, LLP, HIGH STREET TOWER, 125 HIGH STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110  
CLMN Number of Claims: 40  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 981  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB Disclosed are methods and compositions for extracting **nucleic acids** from a biological sample. In particular, disclosed is a **nucleic acid** extraction solution together with methods using such a solution for extracting **nucleic acid** sequences from biological samples containing cells, cellular debris or both. The **nucleic acid** extraction solution contains a molecule having the formula  $R_{sub.1}O-CH_2-CH_2-OR_{sub.2}$ , wherein  $R_{sub.1}$  and  $R_{sub.2}$  independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and an alkyl group.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> s extraction? (10a) borate(3a) buffer?  
L10 64 EXTRACTION? (10A) BORATE(3A) BUFFER?

=> dup rem l10  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L10  
L11 57 DUP REM L10 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l11 and nucleic acid?  
3 FILES SEARCHED...  
L12 21 L11 AND NUCLEIC ACID?

=> d l12 bib abs 1-21

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2004:65290 USPATFULL  
TI Pear genes codifying for beta-galactosidase, pectin methylesterase,  
polygalacturonase, expansins and their use  
IN Matias Fonseca, Sandra Cristina, Loures, PORTUGAL  
Balde, Aladje, Queluz, PORTUGAL  
Soares Pais, Maria Salome, Lisboa, PORTUGAL  
PI US 2004049809 A1 20040311  
AI US 2003-362091 A1 20030902 (10)  
WO 2001-PT21 20010820  
PRAI PT 2000-102511 20000822  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, LLP, 1300 I STREET, NW,  
WASHINGTON, DC, 20005  
CLMN Number of Claims: 31  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 1460  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
AB This invention provides isolated and purified nucleotide sequences which  
are differentially expressed during pear fruit ripening, and their  
protein products. The isolated genes can be inserted into expression  
cassettes and cloned in an expression vector which can be used to  
transform a host cell by selected transformation methods. Transgenic  
plants can be regenerated from transformed plant cells by in vitro  
culture techniques. The nucleotide sequences disclosed in this invention  
encode proteins which are described as having an effective action in  
fruit ripening control. When used in antisense orientation they can  
delay fruit softening and mesocarp deterioration, bringing important  
advantages for fruit producers.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2004:38628 USPATFULL  
TI Inducible COMT\_II promoter, chimeric gene containing same and plants  
transformed therewith  
IN Fritig, Bernard, Souffelweyersheim, FRANCE  
Toquin, Valerie, Morlaix, FRANCE  
Geoffroy, Pierrette, Stresbourg, FRANCE  
Legrand, Michel, Pfettisheim, FRANCE  
Kauffmann, Serge, Strasbourg, FRANCE  
PI US 2004029167 A1 20040212  
AI US 2003-633840 A1 20030804 (10)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-937204, filed on 13 Dec 2001, PENDING A 371  
of International Ser. No. WO 2000-FR714, filed on 22 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN  
PRAI FR 1999-3700 19990322

FR 1999-7646 19990611

DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP BAKER & BOTTS, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY, 10112  
CLMN Number of Claims: 32  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 2056

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns a novel regulating COMTII promoter sequence inducible in response to a mechanical or chemical injury, or in response to aggression by a pathogenic agent, in particular bacterial, fungal or viral, or by an insect or a threadworm. The invention also concerns a chimera gene (or expression cassette) comprising the inventive regulating promoter sequence controlling the expression of a heterologous coding sequence and a host organism comprising said chimera gene, transformed plants containing it and the seeds of said transformed plants.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:320422 USPATFULL  
TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development  
IN May, Gregory D., Ardmore, OK, UNITED STATES  
Clendennen, Stephanie K., Portland, OR, UNITED STATES  
Mason, Hugh S., Ithaca, NY, UNITED STATES  
Gomez Lim, Miguel A., Guanajuato, MEXICO  
Arntzen, Charles J., Superstition Mountain, AZ, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2003226175 A1 20031204  
AI US 2001-892635 A1 20010628 (9)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-160351, filed on 25 Sep 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6284946  
PRAI US 1997-60062P 19970925 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP BURNS DOANE SWECKER & MATHIS L L P, POST OFFICE BOX 1404, ALEXANDRIA, VA, 22313-1404  
CLMN Number of Claims: 44  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 94 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 5465

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides isolated and purified genes which are differentially expressed during banana fruit development, and the protein products of these genes. The present invention further provides DNA regulatory elements which are differentially expressed during banana fruit development, chimeric genes comprising these DNA regulatory elements operably linked to heterologous DNA molecules, and plants transformed with said chimeric genes, providing for controlled expression of said heterologous DNA molecules during the development and ripening of the fruit of said plants, or in response to exogenous ethylene signals in said plants. The present invention also provides a method for expression of a heterologous protein in fruit comprising transforming fruiting plants with one or more chimeric genes according to the present invention, exposing said fruit to an endogenous or exogenous ethylene signal, and harvesting fruit containing said heterologous protein. The method of the present invention may further comprise isolating the proteins produced by said method from the harvested fruit. In a particularly preferred embodiment, the heterologous protein is a therapeutic protein, which may be isolated from the harvested fruit, or consumed directly in the transformed fruit

by a patient in need of said therapeutic protein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:273576 USPATFULL  
TI Immune mediators and related methods  
IN Kindsvogel, Wayne, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES  
Reich, Eva Pia, Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES  
Gross, Jane A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES  
Deshpande, Shrinkant, Fremont, CA, UNITED STATES  
Sheppard, Paul O., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES  
PA Corixa Corp., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2002151707 A1 20021017  
AI US 2002-81281 A1 20020220 (10)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-261811, filed on 3 Mar 1999, PENDING  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-657581, filed on 7 Jun 1996, ABANDONED  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-480002, filed on 7 Jun 1995, ABANDONED  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-483241, filed on 7 Jun 1995, ABANDONED  
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-482133, filed on 7 Jun 1995, ABANDONED  
PRAI US 1995-5964P 19951027 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH  
FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834  
CLMN Number of Claims: 26  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 4579

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Immune modulators, such as soluble, fused MHC heterodimers and soluble, fused MHC heterodimer:peptide complexes, are described. Related methods and peptides are also disclosed. In a preferred aspect, these mediators and methods are related to autoimmunity.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:272816 USPATFULL  
TI **Nucleic acid** extraction solution and use thereof  
IN Lentrichia, Brian, Acton, MA, UNITED STATES  
Cohenford, Menashi A., West Warwick, RI, UNITED STATES  
PI US 2002150937 A1 20021017  
AI US 2002-53349 A1 20020115 (10)  
PRAI US 2001-261845P 20010115 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP TESTA, HURWITZ & THIBEAULT, LLP, HIGH STREET TOWER, 125 HIGH STREET,  
BOSTON, MA, 02110  
CLMN Number of Claims: 40  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 981

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are methods and compositions for extracting **nucleic acids** from a biological sample. In particular, disclosed is a **nucleic acid** extraction solution together with methods using such a solution for extracting **nucleic acid** sequences from biological samples containing cells, cellular debris or both. The **nucleic acid** extraction solution contains a molecule having the formula R.sub.10--CH.sub.2--CH.sub.2--OR.sub.2, wherein R.sub.1 and R.sub.2 independently are selected from the group

consisting of hydrogen and an alkyl group.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 6 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:217031 USPATFULL  
TI Methods for identifying **nucleic acid** mutations using  
mismatch modification  
IN Weghorst, Christopher Mark, Pickerington, OH, United States  
Wani, Altaf Ahmad, Columbus, OH, United States  
PA Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6440673 B1 20020827  
WO 9941414 19990819  
AI US 2000-622085 20001116 (9)  
WO 1999-US3132 19990212  
20001116 PCT 371 date  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-23989, filed on 13 Feb 1998,  
now patented, Pat. No. US 6080544  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Whisenant, Ethan C.  
LREP McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff  
CLMN Number of Claims: 32  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 16 Drawing Figure(s); 14 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1285

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides methods for specifically detecting DNA  
mismatches between heteroduplex strands produced between wildtype and  
mutation containing **nucleic acid** species. Kits for  
performing the methods of the invention are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 7 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2002:88233 USPATFULL  
TI Polypeptide compounds and nucleotide sequences promoting resistance to  
eutypa dieback in plants  
IN Latche, Alain, Toulouse, FRANCE  
Roustan, Jean-Paul, Castanet, FRANCE  
Bouzayen, Mondher, Toulouse, FRANCE  
Pech, Jean-Claude, Toulouse, FRANCE  
Fallot, Jean, Auzeville, FRANCE  
PA Societe des Domaines Viticoles Martell, Cognac, FRANCE (non-U.S.  
corporation)  
PI US 6376212 B1 20020423  
AI US 1999-432160 19991102 (9)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1998-15754, filed on 29 Jan 1998, now patented,  
Pat. No. US 6063986, issued on 16 May 2000  
PRAI FR 1997-962 19970129  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Schwartzman, Robert A.; Assistant Examiner: Davis,  
Katharine F  
LREP McKenna & Cuneo, LLP  
CLMN Number of Claims: 8  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1114

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The subject of the invention is a nucleotide sequence coding for an  
enzyme with eutypine reductase activity, capable of metabolizing the

eutypine synthesized in plants by a fungus of the *Eutypa lata* or *Libertella blepharis* type. The overproduction of eutypine reductase by the plant host of the fungus enables the consequences of the presence of this fungus in plants to be attenuated or even eradicated.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2001:148149 USPATFULL  
TI Banana DNA associated with fruit development  
IN May, Gregory D., Ithaca, NY, United States  
Clendennen, Stephanie K., Lake Oswego, OR, United States  
PA Boyce Thompson Institute for Plant Research Inc., Ithaca, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6284946 B1 20010904  
AI US 1998-160351 19980925 (9)  
PRAI US 1997-60062P 19970925 (60)  
DT Utility  
FS GRANTED  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Benzion, Gary; Assistant Examiner: Mehta, Ashwin  
LREP Burns, Doane, Swecker & Mathis, LLP  
CLMN Number of Claims: 12  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 93 Drawing Figure(s); 91 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1547

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides isolated and purified genes which are differentially expressed during banana fruit development, and the protein products of these genes. The present invention further provides DNA regulatory elements which are differentially expressed during banana fruit development, chimeric genes comprising these DNA regulatory elements operably linked to heterologous DNA molecules, and plants transformed with said chimeric genes, providing for controlled expression of said heterologous DNA molecules during the development and ripening of the fruit of said plants, or in response to exogenous ethylene signals in said plants. The present invention also provides a method for expression of a heterologous protein in fruit comprising transforming fruiting plants with one or more chimeric genes according to the present invention, exposing said fruit to an endogenous or exogenous ethylene signal, and harvesting fruit containing said heterologous protein. The method of the present invention may further comprise isolating the proteins produced by said method from the harvested fruit. In a particularly preferred embodiment, the heterologous protein is a therapeutic protein, which may be isolated from the harvested fruit, or consumed directly in the transformed fruit by a patient in need of said therapeutic protein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 9 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2001:82993 USPATFULL  
TI Strawberry endo-1,4- $\beta$ -glucanase genes and their uses  
IN Harpster, Mark H., Albany, CA, United States  
PA DNA Plant Technology Corporation, Oakland, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 6242668 B1 20010605  
AI US 1999-348443 19990707 (9)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Benzion, Gary; Assistant Examiner: Mehta, Ashwin D.  
LREP Townsend and Townsend and Crew  
CLMN Number of Claims: 22



ECL Exemplary Claim: 14

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1287

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides **nucleic acid** molecules and methods useful in controlling cell wall degradation in plants.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:80552 USPATFULL

TI Methods for identifying **nucleic acid** mutations using mismatch modification

IN Weghorst, Chirstopher M., Pickerington, OH, United States

Wani, Altaf Ahmad, Columbus, OH, United States

PA Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6080544 20000627

AI US 1998-23989 19980213 (9)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Whisenant, Ethan

LREP McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 11 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1105

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides methods for specifically detecting DNA mismatches between heteroduplex strands produced between wildtype and mutation containing **nucleic acid** species. Kits for performing the methods of the invention are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 11 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:61802 USPATFULL

TI Polypeptide compounds and nucleotide sequences promoting resistance to eutypa dieback in plants

IN Latche, Alain, Toulouse, France

Roustan, Jean-Paul, Castanet, France

Bouzayen, Mondher, Toulouse, France

Pech, Jean-Claude, Toulouse, France

Fallot, Jean, Auzeville, France

PA Societe des Domaines Viticoles Martell, Cognac, France (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 6063986 20000516

AI US 1998-15754 19980129 (9)

PRAI FR 1997-962 19970129

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fox, David T.; Assistant Examiner: Zaghmout, Ousama

LREP McKenna & Cuneo LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 33

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,15

DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1287

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Polypeptide compounds and nucleotide sequences promoting resistance to eutypa dieback in plants

The subject of the invention is a nucleotide sequence coding for an enzyme with eutypine reductase activity, capable of metabolizing the

eutypine synthesized in plants by a fungus of the *Eutypa lata* or *Libertella blepharis* type.

The overproduction of eutypine reductase by the plant host of the fungus enables the consequences of the presence of this fungus in plants to be attenuated or even eradicated.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 1999:113624 USPATFULL  
TI DNA sequence for uricase and manufacturing process of uricase  
IN Shigyo, Tatsuro, Yaizu, Japan  
Sugihara, Kohji, Yaizu, Japan  
Takamoto, Yuji, Yaizu, Japan  
Takashio, Masachika, Yaizu, Japan  
Kamimura, Minoru, Yaizu, Japan  
Yamamoto, Kazumi, Tsuruga, Japan  
Kojima, Yoshio, Tsuruga, Japan  
Kikuchi, Toshiro, Tsuruga, Japan  
Emi, Shigenori, Tsuruga, Japan  
PA Toyo Boseki Kabushiki Kaisha, Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5955336 19990921  
AI US 1992-906029 19920626 (7)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-386566, filed on 27 Jul 1989,  
now abandoned  
PRAI JP 1988-203239 19880817  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Hendricks, Keith D.  
LREP Frishauf, Holtz, Goodman, Langer & Chick, P.C.  
CIMN Number of Claims: 13  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 11 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 664

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to DNA containing a gene encoding uricase, a plasmid having said DNA, a transformant containing said plasmid, and a process for producing uricase by using said transformant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 13 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 1998:27943 USPATFULL  
TI Isolated recombinant uricase  
IN Shigyo, Tatsuro, Yaizu, Japan  
Sugihara, Kohji, Yaizu, Japan  
Takamoto, Yuji, Yaizu, Japan  
Takashio, Masachika, Yaizu, Japan  
Kamimura, Minoru, Yaizu, Japan  
Yamamoto, Kazumi, Tsuruga, Japan  
Kojima, Yoshio, Tsuruga, Japan  
Kikuchi, Toshiro, Tsuruga, Japan  
Emi, Shigenori, Tsuruga, Japan  
PA Toyo Boseki Kabushiki Kaisha, Osaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5728562 19980317  
AI US 1995-469649 19950606 (8)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-906029, filed on 26 Jun 1992 which is a  
continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-386566, filed on 27 Jul 1989,  
now abandoned  
PRAI JP 1988-203239 19880817  
DT Utility

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AN 96:87711 USPATFULL

PI US 5559223 19960924

WO 9303160 19930218

AI US 1994-182175 19940203 (8)

WO 1992-US6412	19920807	
	19940203	PCT 371 date
	19940203	PCT 102(e) date

DT      Utility

FS                      <sup>1</sup> Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Moody, Patricia R.

CLMN Number of Claims: 18

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 16 Drawing Figure(s); 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3353

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 15 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN

AN 90:79807 USPATFULL

TI Probe containing a modified **nucleic acid**, recognizable by specific antibodies and use of this probe and theses specific antibodies to detect and characterize a homologous DNA sequence

IN Tchen, Paul, Nanterre, France

PA Institut National de la Sante et de la Recherche Medicale, France  
(non-U.S. government)

Institut Pasteur, France (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 4963477 19901016

AI US 1989-330987 19890328 (7)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1985-692064, filed on 16 Jan 1985, now  
abandoned  
PRAI FR 1984-607 19840116  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Yarbrough, Amelia B.  
LREP Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner  
CLMN Number of Claims: 12  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 592

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a kit for detecting the presence of a  
**nucleic acid** sequence, such as a gene or a gene  
fragment, in a composition or a specimen supposed to contain it. The kit  
comprises a probe containing a **nucleic acid**  
complementary with the **nucleic acid** sequence or gene  
which is sought. The probe bears at least one 7-iodo-N-2-acetylamino-  
fluorene group covalently fixed at one at least of the bases of this  
probe.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 16 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 90:67735 USPATFULL  
TI Efficient prokaryotic expression system  
IN Anilionis, Algis, Arlington, MA, United States  
Palmer, John L., Arlington, MA, United States  
PA Repligen Corporation, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 4952682 19900828  
AI US 1988-253351 19880930 (7)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1987-109003, filed on 16 Oct 1987, now  
abandoned which is a division of Ser. No. US 1984-686344, filed on 26  
Dec 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4721671  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Mays, Thomas D.  
LREP Saliwanchik & Saliwanchik  
CLMN Number of Claims: 1  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 2 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 612

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A novel highly effective prokaryotic expression system is exemplified  
specifically by being used to produce the useful enzyme  
 $\beta$ -glucuronidase (BG). This system uses a hybrid plasmid comprising  
BG gene promoter DNA. The level of expression of BG by an E. coli K-12  
derivative host is in the 50% of total cellular protein range. The  
invention expression system also can be used to express other useful  
proteins, as disclosed herein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 17 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 89:100553 USPATFULL  
TI Hybrid proteins produced by an ultrahigh prokaryotic expression  
IN Palmer, John L., Arlington, MA, United States  
Anilionis, Algis, Arlington, MA, United States  
PA Repligen Corporation, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 4888280 19891219  
AI US 1986-899699 19860825 (6)

DCD 20050126  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1984-686342, filed on 26 Dec 1984, now patented,  
Pat. No. US 4691009  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Tanenholtz, Alvin E.  
LREP Saliwanchik, Roman, Saliwanchik, David R.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 36  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 5 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 969

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Hybrid useful proteins are prepared by a novel biological system comprising a prokaryotic host transformed with novel hybrid plasmids'  $\beta$ -glucuronidase (BG) gene DNZ and the desired protein gene DNA. Specifically exemplified are plasmids which comprise BG gene DNA and protein A DNA. E. coli K-12 derivative hosts transformed with plasmid pBG3-2An express >60% of the desired fusion protein having protein A-like biological activity. Other useful proteins can be expressed via the elegant highly efficient expression system of the subject invention.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 18 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 88:5584 USPATFULL  
TI Efficient prokaryotic expression system using portions of the E. coli  $\beta$ .  
IN Anilionis, Algis, Arlington, MA, United States  
Palmer, John L., Arlington, MA, United States  
PA Repligen Corporation, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 4721671 19880126  
AI US 1984-686344 19841226 (6)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Wiseman, Thomas G.; Assistant Examiner: Mays, Thomas D.  
LREP Saliwanchik, Roman, Saliwanchik, David R.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 27  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,23  
DRWN 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 688

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A novel highly effective prokaryotic expression system is exemplified specifically by being used to produce the useful enzyme  $\beta$ -glucuronidase (BG). This system uses a hybrid plasmid comprising BG gene promotor DNA. The level of expression of BG by an E. coli K-12 derivative host is in the 50% of total cellular protein range. The invention expression system also can be used to express other useful proteins, as disclosed herein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 19 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 87:41592 USPATFULL  
TI Dental enamel production  
IN Slavkin, Harold C., Beverly Hills, CA, United States  
Snead, Malcolm L., Los Angeles, CA, United States  
Woo, Savio L. C., Houston, TX, United States  
Zeichner-David, Margarita, Santa Monica, CA, United States  
PA University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 4672032 19870609

AI US 1983-550527 19831109 (6)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Wiseman, Thomas G.; Assistant Examiner: Teskin, Robin L.  
LREP Nilsson, Robbins, Dalgarn, Berliner, Carson & Wurst  
CLMN Number of Claims: 6  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 10 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1536

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods are provided for the formation of dental enamel crystals in biosynthetic matrix form by the nucleation of calcium solutions with enamel proteins and for the use of such enamel crystals as restorative material.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 20 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 85:31453 USPATFULL  
TI Method of preventing virus increase in plants  
IN Loebenstein, Gad, Rehovot, Israel  
Gera, Abed, Ramat Aviv, Israel  
PA State of Israel, Ministry of Agriculture, Beit Dagan, Israel (non-U.S. government)  
PI US 4520020 19850528  
AI US 1982-398358 19820715 (6)  
PRAI IL 1982-65765 19820513  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Meyers, Albert T.; Assistant Examiner: Rollins, Jr., John W.  
LREP Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner  
CLMN Number of Claims: 22  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,13  
DRWN 7 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1001

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A method of isolating material which inhibits virus replication in plants comprising isolating protoplasts from a local lesion-responding tobacco plant having an N gene, preferably a Samsun NN tobacco plant, inoculating the protoplasts with Tobacco Mosaic Virus, and either removing the protoplasts after a predetermined amount of time and isolating the desired material from the protoplast incubation medium, or removing the virus after a predetermined amount of time and isolating the desired material from the preparation.

Also provided is a method of isolating material which inhibits virus replication in plants comprising isolating tissue from a "green island" area of a tobacco plant which responds systemically to Cucumber Mosaic Virus, preferably a Samsun NN, a Xanthi-nc or Samsun plant, homogenizing the tissue and isolating the desired material from the homogenate, as well as a method of immunizing plants against virus replication comprising applying thereto the material isolated as above.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L12 ANSWER 21 OF 21 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 82:35283 USPATFULL  
TI Method of crystallizing ribulose, 1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase from photosynthetic organisms, particularly plant leaves  
IN Bourque, Don P., Tucson, AZ, United States

PA University Patents, Inc., Norwalk, CT, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 4340676 19820720  
AI US 1980-190233 19800924 (6)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Shapiro, Lionel M.  
LREP Mason, Kolehmainen, Rathburn & Wyss  
CLMN Number of Claims: 60  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1023

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Fraction I protein from plant leaves is purified and subsequently crystallized. The crystallization methods disclosed herein unexpectedly produce crystallization in all crop leaves examined, although for some species modification by salt addition is required to achieve crystallization and to prevent formation of substantial percentages of amorphous protein precipitates. It has been found that a fraction I protein solution, when mixed with a precipitant solution having a pH generally within the range of 4.8-7.2, in an amount and at a pH sufficient to provide a mixed solution (protein solution mixed with precipitant solution) having a final pH in the range of 6.6-7.0, causes crystallization of fraction I protein from plant leaves, provided that the precipitant solution is at a pH lower than the pH of the protein solution. Optimum results have been obtained when the pH of the precipitant solution is in the range of 5.0 to 6.0 and the protein solution in the range of 7.0 to 7.5. For certain species such as potato and tobacco, the protein solution should include a salt, such as sodium chloride, capable of increasing the solubility of the protein in water, to avoid the precipitation of fraction I protein in amorphous form before conditions are proper for crystallization.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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